Become an Original Co-Sponsor of the Resolution Recognizing the Value and Impact of Frontline Health Workers

From: The Honorable Nita M. Lowey and the Honorable Mario Diaz-Balart
Sent By: Dean.Fischer@mail.house.gov and Chris.Sweet@mail.house.gov.
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Become an Original Co-Sponsor of the Resolution to Recognize the Critical Importance of Frontline Health Workers


Endorsed by a broad coalition of global health organizations including:
Dear Colleague,

Well-trained health workers are the first link to lifesaving treatment in conflict-affected and impoverished areas around the world and are essential partners in the fight against infectious disease. Despite serving a critical role in delivering vaccines, providing treatment, and ultimately saving lives, local workers are too often overlooked and underserved. This imbalance was on full display during the 2014-2016 Ebola outbreak in West Africa and explains the June 2015 finding from the World Health Organization and the World Bank that approximately 400 million people lack access to one or more essential health services.

This resolution recognizes the crucial role that frontline health workers play in building a more healthy and prosperous future for low- and middle-income nations and protecting Americans from future disease outbreaks. It also calls for greater accountability and coordination by relevant federal agencies to maximize the efficiency of current investments that foster partner country capacity to ensure access to trained and supported frontline health workers.

Frontline health workers have been essential to sustaining historic global health achievements. These workers have directly contributed to a 53% reduction in childhood deaths and a 44% reduction in maternal mortality between 1990 and 2015. Health workers have also been essential to achieving a 35% reduction in new annual HIV infections and a 60% decrease in deaths from malaria.

Skilled and connected frontline health workers – including community health workers, midwives, pharmacists, nurses, doctors, and surgeons – are a critical and cost-effective intervention to support and sustain these advances.

We hope you will join us and become an original co-sponsor of this bipartisan resolution that recognizes the value and critical importance of frontline health workers in advancing U.S. national security and global health goals. To become an original co-sponsor or to request more information, please contact Dean Fischer with Congresswoman Lowey at Dean.Fischer@mail.house.gov or Chris Sweet with Congressman Diaz-Balart at Chris.Sweet@mail.house.gov.

Sincerely,

Nita M. Lowey                             Mario Diaz-Balart
Member of Congress                                      Member of Congress
Recognizing frontline health workers for their essential contributions to global health and international security.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MAY XX, 2017

Mrs. LOWEY (for herself and Mr. DIAZ-BALART) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

RESOLUTION

Recognizing the essential contributions of frontline health workers to strengthening the United States national security and economic prosperity, sustaining and expanding progress on global health, and saving the lives of millions of women, men, and children around the world.

Whereas the number of people affected by humanitarian crises nearly doubled from 2004 to 2014 due to an increase in the number of natural disasters, public health emergencies, and armed conflicts around the world;

Whereas frontline health workers are a critical and cost-effective component to building country capacity to prevent and respond to humanitarian crises;
Whereas nations with healthy populations are more likely to be productive, prosperous, and peaceful, while countries with poorer health are more prone to instability, conflict, and extremism;

Whereas the United Nations Secretary-General’s High-Level Commission on Health Employment and Economic Growth found that health employment is a force-multiplier for inclusive economic growth, and health investments provide a nine-fold economic return;

Whereas frontline health workers are particularly crucial during natural or complex emergency situations to saving lives and aiding communities to recover, rebuild, and become more resilient;

Whereas health workers provide lifesaving care at great personal risk in conflict settings; and hundreds of documented deliberate attacks on medical facilities, health workers, and patients occurred in at least 23 countries undergoing conflict and civil unrest, including Syria, Afghanistan, Yemen, and others in 2016, impeding access to health care for millions while exacerbating the refugee crisis;

Whereas United States leadership and investment has led to dramatic successes in global health and corresponding improvements in productivity and economic growth, including the reduction of child mortality by 53 percent and of maternal mortality by 44 percent from 1990 to 2015, and the reduction of new HIV infections by 35 percent and the decrease in malaria mortality by 60 percent from 2000 to 2015;

Whereas access to a well-trained, well-equipped, and well-supported frontline health workforce is critical to the efficacy and sustainability of United States global health programs, including efforts to achieve the global goals of ending preventable child and maternal deaths, fostering an AIDS-free generation, and ensuring global health security;

Whereas frontline health workers are the first, and often only, link to health care for millions of people living in low- and middle-income countries and provide services where they are most needed, especially in remote and rural areas;

Whereas frontline health workers include a range of occupations such as community health workers, midwives, nurses, pharmacists, doctors, and surgeons;

Whereas partnerships with faith-based organizations, humanitarian non-governmental organizations, and the private sector in training, equipping, and deploying frontline health workers in decent work help countries achieve progress toward their global health goals;
Whereas the World Health Organization reports that the world will face a shortfall of 18 million health workers by 2030 without immediate and concerted action, particularly in low- and middle-income countries, many of which are in sub-Saharan Africa and Asia, regions that have the greatest share of the global disease burden and the highest number of preventable deaths, and from which many emerging and re-emerging global health threats originate;

Whereas despite the key role of frontline health workers in improving health, advancing peace and security, and spurring economic growth, the World Bank and the World Health Organization estimate that over 400,000,000 people worldwide lack access to essential health services;

Whereas the Commission on Health Employment and Economic Growth found that employment of women within the health workforce is critical to saving lives, spurring inclusive economic growth, and promoting women’s empowerment, as women comprise an estimated 70 percent of employment in the health and social sectors, compared with 40 percent across all sectors;

Whereas every day, more than 16,000 children die worldwide, mostly from preventable causes, and 830 women die due to pregnancy and childbirth complications;

Whereas every year, millions of adults succumb to the ravages of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria, and other treatable and often preventable chronic conditions;

Whereas the United States does not currently have a comprehensive global health workforce strategy despite the importance of frontline health workers to the successful implementation of United States global health programs and to improved health and socio-economic outcomes for those served by these programs.

Resolved, That the House of Representatives—

(1) reaffirms the critical role of frontline health workers in achieving core global health goals, including ending preventable child and maternal deaths, ensuring global health security, and achieving an AIDS-free generation;

(2) commends the progress made by the United States in helping to build local capacity and to save lives in the world’s most vulnerable communities by training and supporting frontline health workers;

(3) acknowledges that in the aftermath of natural disasters, disease outbreaks, and conflict, frontline health workers continue to perform critical services under difficult
working conditions, often at great personal risk, to save the lives of those without access to medicines, equipment, or running water in many cases;

(4) urges greater global attention and support for local frontline health workers to ensure their protection and ability to respond effectively during humanitarian and public health crises and to safeguard the health of the world’s most vulnerable populations, including populations in conflict-affected states; and

(5) calls on all relevant Federal agencies, including the United States Agency for International Development, the Department of State, and the Department of Health and Human Services including the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, to develop a coordinated, comprehensive, intersectoral, and data-driven health workforce strengthening action plan with concrete targets for increasing equitable access to qualified health workers in low- and middle-income countries, particularly in underserved areas, to support the Global Strategy on Human Resources for Health: Workforce 2030 and recommendations of the High-Level Commission on Health Employment and Economic Growth. The action plan should include clear accountability mechanisms for monitoring progress, including progress on the protection of health in conflict in accordance with United Nations Security Council resolution 2286.